

מד"ר 1 / תרגילים בית 5

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(1)

בכל הטעיפים $f, g: U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ פונקציות חלקות, v , שדרות וקטוריים חלקים.a. $L_v(f + g) = L_v f + L_v g$:

$$L_v(f + g) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial(f + g)}{\partial x_i} v_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} \right] v_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} v_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} v_i = L_v f + L_v g$$

b. $L_v(fg) = fL_v g + gL_v f$:

$$L_v(fg) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial(fg)}{\partial x_i} v_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[f \cdot \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} + g \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right] v_i = \sum_{i=1}^n f \cdot \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} v_i + \sum_{i=1}^n g \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} v_i = fL_v g + gL_v f$$

c. $L_{u+v} = L_u + L_v$:

$$\forall f: L_{u+v} f = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} (u + v)_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} (u_i + v_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} u_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} v_i = L_u f + L_v f \Rightarrow L_{u+v} = L_u + L_v$$

d. $L_{fv} = fL_v$:

$$\forall g: L_{fv} g = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} (fv)_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} f \cdot v_i = f \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i} v_i = fL_v g \Rightarrow L_{fv} = fL_v$$

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 $L_u L_v \neq L_v L_u$:

$$\forall f: L_u L_v = \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} u_i \cdot \sum_{j=0}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j} v_j = ???$$

(3)

היו אינטגרלים וראשונים למערכת משוואות $v(x) = x$, כאשר v שדרה וקטורי:a. $L_v(f + g) = 0$:

$$L_v(f + g) \underset{1.a}{=} L_v f + L_v g = 0 + 0 = 0 \Rightarrow f + g$$

b. $L_v(fg) = 0$:

$$L_v(fg) \underset{1.b}{=} fL_v g + gL_v f = f \cdot 0 + g \cdot 0 = 0 \Rightarrow fg$$

(4)

(5)

a. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$:

$$e^{At} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k t^k}{k!} = E + At + \frac{1}{2} A^2 t^2 + \dots = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & t \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

b. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$:

- $A^1 = A$
- $A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = -E$
- $A^3 = -E \cdot A = -A$
- $A^4 = E$

$$e^{At} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k t^k}{k!} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k At^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k Et^{2k}}{(2k)!} = A \cdot \sin t + E \cdot \cos t = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sin t \\ -\sin t & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \cos t & 0 \\ 0 & \cos t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos t & \sin t \\ -\sin t & \cos t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c. A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}:$$

- $A^1 = A$
- $A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = E$
- $A^3 = E \cdot A = A$
- $A^4 = E \cdot E = E$

$$e^{At} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k t^k}{k!} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} A \cdot \frac{t^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} E \cdot \frac{t^{2k}}{(2k)!} = A \cdot \sinh(t) + E \cdot \cosh(t) = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh t & \sinh t \\ \sinh t & \cosh t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d. A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, A^3 = \theta$$

$$e^{At} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k t^k}{k!} = E + At + \frac{A^2 t^2}{2} + 0 + \dots = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t & t^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(6)

$$a. A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ -10 & 14 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & 5 \\ -10 & 14-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda+1)(\lambda-14) + 50 = \lambda^2 - 13\lambda + 36 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda_{1,2} = \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{169-144}}{2} \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 9, \lambda_2 = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}; D^k = \begin{pmatrix} 9^k & 0 \\ 0 & 4^k \end{pmatrix}$$

הערכים העצמיים של A הם 9,4 נמצאים ו"ע מתאימים:

$$\lambda_1 = 9: \begin{pmatrix} -10 & 5 \\ -10 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -10x + 5y \\ -10x + 5y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow -10x + 5y = 0 \Rightarrow y = 2x \Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 4: \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 5 \\ -10 & 10 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -5x + 5y \\ -10x + 10y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow -5x + 5y = 0 \Rightarrow y = x \Rightarrow v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow P^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det P} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$A = P \cdot D \cdot P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow e^{At} = P \cdot e^{Dt} \cdot P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} e^{9t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{4t} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{9t} & e^{4t} \\ 2e^{9t} & e^{4t} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2e^{4t} - e^{9t} & e^{9t} - e^{4t} \\ 2e^{4t} - 2e^{9t} & 2e^{9t} - e^{4t} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b. A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -4 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 5-\lambda & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & 4-\lambda & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (5-\lambda)(4-\lambda)(-4-\lambda) - 6 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 6 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-6) + 6(4-\lambda) \cdot 3 + 6 \cdot (-1)(-4-\lambda) - (5-\lambda) \cdot 2 \cdot (-6) = (\lambda-5)(16-\lambda^2) - 36 - 36 + 18(4-\lambda) + 6(4+\lambda) + 12(5-\lambda) = 16\lambda - \lambda^3 - 80 + 5\lambda^2 - 72 + 72 - 18\lambda + 24 + 6\lambda + 60 - 12\lambda = -\lambda^3 + 5\lambda^2 - 8\lambda + 4 = -\lambda^3 + \lambda^2 + 4\lambda^2 - 4\lambda - 4\lambda + 4 = (-\lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 4)(\lambda - 1) =$$

$$= -(\lambda - 2)^2(\lambda - 1) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 2 (r_1 = 2), \lambda_2 = 1 (r_2 = 1) \Rightarrow D = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow x = 2y + 2z \Rightarrow \text{sp}\{\nu_1 + \nu_2\} = \text{sp}\left\{\begin{pmatrix} 2t + 2s \\ t \\ s \end{pmatrix}\right\} = \text{sp}\left\{t\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + s\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right\} \Rightarrow \nu_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \nu_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
& \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2x = 3y + 3z \\ x = 3y + 2z \\ 3x = 6y + 5z \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = z \\ z = -3y \\ -9y = 6y - 15y \end{cases} \Rightarrow y = t \Rightarrow x = z = -3t \Rightarrow \nu_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \\
& \Rightarrow P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & -2 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 & 5 & -9 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & -6 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & -6 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \Rightarrow P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -5 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\
& e^{At} = P \cdot e^{Dt} \cdot P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{2t} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -5 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2e^{2t} & 2e^{2t} & 3e^t \\ e^{2t} & 0 & -e^t \\ 0 & e^{2t} & 3e^t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -5 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2e^{2t} + 6e^{2t} - 3e^t & 6e^{2t} - 12e^{2t} + 6e^t & 4e^{2t} - 10e^{2t} + 6e^t \\ -e^{2t} + e^t & 3e^{2t} - 2e^t & 2e^{2t} - 2e^t \\ 3e^{2t} - 3e^t & -6e^{2t} + 6e^t & -5e^{2t} + 6e^t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4e^{2t} - 3e^t & -6e^{2t} + 6e^t & -6e^{2t} + 6e^t \\ -e^{2t} + e^t & 3e^{2t} - 2e^t & 2e^{2t} - 2e^t \\ 3e^{2t} - 3e^t & -6e^{2t} + 6e^t & -5e^{2t} + 6e^t \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

(7)

a. $\begin{cases} x'_1 = 4x_1 - 3x_2 \\ x'_2 = 8x_1 - 6x_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 8 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$:

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 4-\lambda & -3 \\ 8 & -6-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = -24 - 4\lambda + 6\lambda + \lambda^2 + 24 = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = -2 \Rightarrow D = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0: \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 8 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow 4x = 3y \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{4}y \Rightarrow \nu_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda_2 = -2: \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow 2x = y \Rightarrow \nu_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow P^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -0.5 \\ -2 & 1.5 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{Solution: } \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} \right\} \Rightarrow x(t) = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t}$$

b. $\begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ x'_3 = -8x_1 - 5x_2 - 3x_3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -3-\lambda \end{pmatrix}$:

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1-\lambda & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -3-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda)(1-\lambda)(-3-\lambda) + 8 - 10 + 8(1-\lambda) + 2(3+\lambda) - 5(1-\lambda) =$$

$$= (1-\lambda)(-3-\lambda+3\lambda+\lambda^2+8-5) - 2 + 6 + 2\lambda = (1-\lambda)(\lambda^2+2\lambda) + 4 + 2\lambda = \lambda(1-\lambda)(\lambda+2) + 2(\lambda+2)$$

$$= (\lambda+2)(\lambda[1-\lambda]+2) = (\lambda+2)(-\lambda^2+\lambda+2) = -(\lambda+2)(\lambda^2-\lambda-2) = -(\lambda+2)(\lambda+1)(\lambda-2) \Rightarrow$$

$$\lambda_1 = 2, \lambda_2 = -2, \lambda_3 = -1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0: \quad \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x = 0, y = -z \Rightarrow \nu_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 7 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x = -\frac{4}{7}z, y = \frac{5}{7}z \Rightarrow \nu_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x = -\frac{3}{2}z, y = 2z \Rightarrow \nu_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Solution: } x(t) = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}$$

$$c. \begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 - 5x_2 \\ x'_2 = x_1 - 3x_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & -5 \\ 1 & -3-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda)(-3-\lambda) + 5 = -3 - \lambda + 3\lambda + \lambda^2 + 5 = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-8}}{2} = -1 \pm i \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2+i & -5 \\ 1 & -2+i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2x - 5y + ix \\ x - 2y + iy \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow ???$$

$$d. \begin{cases} x'_1 = 4x_1 - 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = 8x_1 - 4x_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 4-\lambda & -2 \\ 8 & -4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = -(16 - \lambda^2) + 16 = \lambda^2 \Rightarrow \lambda = 0 \ (r=2) \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4x - 2y \\ 8x - 4y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow 2x = y \Rightarrow v = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{first solution: } \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{second solution: } x(t) = (\psi_1 + \psi_2 t)e^0 = \psi_1 + \psi_2 t; \quad \psi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \psi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} t = \begin{pmatrix} a + ct \\ b + dt \end{pmatrix}; \quad x'(t) = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}; \quad x' = Ax \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a + ct \\ b + dt \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4a + 4ct - 2b - 2dt \\ 8a + 8ct - 4b - 4dt \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 4a - 2b + (4c - 2d)t \\ d = 8a - 4b + (8c - 4d)t \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4c - 2d = 0 \\ 8c - 4d = 0 \\ 4a - 2b = c \\ 8a - 4b = d \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} d = 2c \\ b = 2a - \frac{c}{2} \Rightarrow c := 4, a := 1 \Rightarrow x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} t \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\text{solution: } x(t) = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} t \right]$$

$$e. \begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ x'_3 = -3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}:$$

$$p(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1-\lambda & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda)^2(4-\lambda) + 3 + 4 + 3(1-\lambda) - 2(4-\lambda) + 2(1-\lambda) = (1-2\lambda+\lambda^2)(4-\lambda) + 7 +$$

$$3 - 3\lambda - 8 + 2\lambda + 2 - 2\lambda = 4 - 8\lambda + 4\lambda^2 - \lambda + 2\lambda^2 - \lambda^3 + 4 - 3\lambda = -\lambda^3 + 6\lambda^2 - 12\lambda + 8 = -\lambda^3 + 2\lambda^2 + 4\lambda^2 - 8\lambda - 4\lambda + 8$$

$$= -\lambda^2(\lambda - 2) + 4\lambda(\lambda - 2) - 4(\lambda - 2) = (\lambda - 2)(-\lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 4) = -(\lambda - 2)(\lambda - 2)^2 = -(\lambda - 2)^3 \Rightarrow \lambda = 2 \ (r=3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -x + y + z \\ 2x - y - z \\ -3x + 2y + 2z \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = y + z \\ 2x = y + z \Rightarrow x = 0, y = -z \Rightarrow v = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ 3x = 2y + 2z \Rightarrow y = -z \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{first solution: } \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}$$

second and third solutions: $(\psi_1 + \psi_2 t)e^{2t}, (\varphi_1 + \varphi_2 t + \varphi_3 t^2)e^{2t}$

$$\psi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix}, \psi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} t e^{2t}, x'(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ 2b \\ 2c \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 2dt \\ 2et \\ 2ft \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}, x' = Ax \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a+d+2dt \\ 2b+e+2et \\ 2c+f+2ft \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a+dt \\ b+et \\ c+ft \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} = \begin{pmatrix} a+b+c+(d+e+f)t \\ 2a+b-c+(2d+e-f)t \\ -3a+2b+4c+(-3d+2e+4f)t \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} 2a+d = a+b+c \\ 2b+e = 2a+b-c \\ 2c+f = -3a+2b+4c \\ 2d = d+e+f \\ 2e = 2d+e-f \\ 2f = -3d+2e+4f \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = b+c-d \\ b = 2a-c-e \\ -2c = -3a+2b-f \\ d-e-f = 0 \\ -2d+e+f = 0 \\ 3d-2e-2f = 0 \end{cases}; \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow d = 0, e = -f; \text{let } e := 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} a = b + c \\ b = 2a - c - 1 \\ -2c = -3a + 2b + 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b = 2b + 2c - c - 1 \\ -2c = -3b - 3c + 2b + 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \underbrace{\begin{cases} b = 1 - c \\ -2c = -3 + 3c - 3c + 2 - 2c + 1 \end{cases}}_{0=0} \Rightarrow \text{let } c := 1 \Rightarrow a = 1, b = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\psi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \psi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{second solution: } x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} t e^{2t}$$

$$\varphi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix}, \varphi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix}, \varphi_3 = \begin{pmatrix} g \\ h \\ i \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} t e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} g \\ h \\ i \end{pmatrix} t^2 e^{2t},$$

$$x'(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ 2b \\ 2c \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 2dt \\ 2et \\ 2ft \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 2gt \\ 2ht \\ 2it \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 2gt^2 \\ 2ht^2 \\ 2it^2 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}, \quad x' = Ax \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a + d + (2d + 2g)t + 2gt^2 \\ 2b + e + (2e + 2h)t + 2ht^2 \\ 2c + f + (2f + 2i)t + 2it^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a + dt + gt^2 \\ b + et + ht^2 \\ c + ft + it^2 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a + b + c + (d + e + f)t + (g + h + i)t^2 \\ 2a + b - c + (2d + e - f)t + (2g + h - i)t^2 \\ -3a + 2b + 4c + (-3d + 2e + 4f)t + (-3g + 2h + 4i)t^2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2a + d = a + b + c \\ 2b + e = 2a + b - c \\ 2c + f = -3a + 2b + 4c \end{cases}, \begin{cases} 2d + 2g = d + e + f \\ 2e + 2h = 2d + e - f \\ 2f + 2i = -3d + 2e + 4f \end{cases},$$

$$\begin{cases} 2g = g + h + i \\ 2h = 2g + h - i \\ 2i = -3g + 2h + 4i \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -a + b + c - d = 0 \\ 2a - b - c - e = 0 \\ -3a + 2b + 2c - f = 0 \end{cases}, \begin{cases} -d + e + f - 2g = 0 \\ 2d - e - f - 2h = 0 \\ -3d + 2e + 2f - 2i = 0 \end{cases}, \begin{cases} g - h - i = 0 \\ 2g - h - i = 0 \\ -3g + 2h + 2i = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 2 \\ b = 2 \\ c = 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} d = 2 \\ e = 0 \\ f = 2 \\ g = 0 \\ h = 1 \\ i = -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \varphi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \varphi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \varphi_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\text{third solution: } x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} t e^{2t} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} t^2 e^{2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{solution: } x(t) = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} t \right] e^{2t} + c_3 \left[\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} t^2 \right] e^{2t}$$

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